

Results of the 1999 Off-Reservation Waawaashkeshi (Deer) and Makwa (Bear) Harvest in the Ceded Territories of Michigan

by Miles Falck Wildlife Biologist

Administrative Report 00-02 April 18, 2000

Great Lakes Indian Fish & Wildlife Commission Biological Services Division P.O. Box 9 Odanah, WI 54861 (715) 682-6619

Results of the 1999 Waawaashkeshi (Deer) and Makwa (Bear) Hunting Seasons in the Ceded Territories of Michigan

Introduction

This report summarizes the 1999 tribal harvest of waawaashkeshi (deer) and makwa (bear) on lands in Michigan that were ceded to the United States by the Lake Superior Ojibwa in the treaties of 1836 and 1842 (Fig. 1). The majority of hunters were members of 3 Lake Superior bands with reservations in the upper peninsula (UP): Bay Mills Indian Community (BMIC), Keweenaw Bay Indian Community (KBIC), and the Lac Vieux Desert Band (LVD) (see Fig. 1). However, harvest by members of 4 Wisconsin Bands signatory to the treaty of 1842 (Bad River, Lac Courte Oreilles, Lac du Flambeau, and the Sokaogon Chippewa) is also included in harvest totals for the 1842 ceded territory.

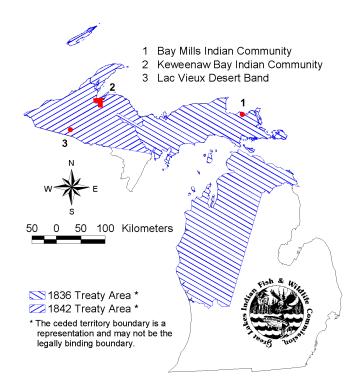


Figure 1. Location of GLIFWC member tribes and ceded territory in Michigan.

DEER HUNTING

Regulations

Tribal hunters within Michigan were regulated by distinct and specific tribal regulations for the 1999 season. Table 1 summarizes the major features of off-reservation tribal deer hunting regulations in Michigan by tribe.

Table 1. Tribal deer hunting season dates and bag limits for GLIFWC member tribes located in Michigan.^a

Tribe	Season Dates	Antlerless Bag Limit	Season Bag Limit
ВМІС	1 Aug - 1 Jan	none	none
KBIC	1 Sep - 1 Jan	none	4
LVD	7 Sep - 31 Dec	annual quota	none

^a Some members of Wisconsin Bands hunted in Michigan pursuant to the treaty of 1842.

Bay Mills tribal members hunted under regulations outlined in the BMIC Conservation Code. All members hunting off-reservation were required to carry a valid hunting permit issued by the tribal conservation department good for either antlerless or antlered deer on public lands within the 1836 treaty boundaries. The deer hunting season opened on August 1st and closed on January 1st. Hunting hours were from ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset. Tribal members were not required to register deer taken within the 1836 treaty area. There was no commercial harvest of deer but harvest for subsistence use was unlimited.

Keweenaw Bay tribal members hunted under regulations outlined in the KBIC Tribal Code. The deer hunting season opened on September 1st and closed on January 1st. Tribal hunters were required to possess a valid tribal hunting and fishing card that allowed members to hunt on reservation lands and public lands off-reservation throughout the 1842 treaty area. Initially 2 deer tags good for either antlerless or antlered deer were issued. Two additional tags could be obtained after registering the first 2 deer for a maximum of 4 deer during the season. All deer were required to be registered with the KBIC Conservation/Law Enforcement Program within 7 days of harvest.

Lac Vieux Desert tribal members hunted under regulations outlined in the LVD Off-Reservation Conservation Code. The deer hunting season opened on the day after Labor Day and closed on December 31st. Hunting hours were ½ hour before sunrise to ½ hour after sunset. Tribal hunters were required to possess a valid off-reservation natural resources harvesting permit and were issued 2 carcass tags at a time. The tribe's governing body establishes bag limits and antlerless quotas annually. Antlerless permits were required to harvest antlerless deer. All deer harvested were required to

be tagged and registered at a tribal registration station by 5 p.m. of the next working day.

Methods

1836 Ceded Territory. Because registration was not required, a telephone survey (Appendix A) was used to estimate the number of deer harvested in the 1836 treaty ceded territory. Permit holders were sorted by phone number and every third permitee with a phone number listed was selected from a random starting point. The target sample size was 25%, but due to unlisted and erroneous telephone numbers, a total of 34 (21%) permitees were actually contacted during the survey. Total harvest was estimated by calculating the mean number of deer harvested per permit from the phone sample and multiplying it by the total number of permits issued. The antlerless ratio, and harvest by county and month were calculated similarly.

<u>1842 Ceded Territory</u>. Harvest data for the 1842 ceded territory in the UP were obtained from tribal registration stations where information was collected on each deer registered. Information included county and date of harvest, and type of deer (antlered or antlerless).

Results

The total tribal deer harvest in Michigan was estimated at 233 deer (45% antlerless)(Table 2). A total of 144 deer (44% antlerless) were registered in the 1842 ceded territory in Michigan and total harvest for the 1836 ceded territory in Michigan was estimated to be 89 deer (47% antlerless). No deer were reported harvested in the lower peninsula of Michigan in 1999. Harvest was greatest during November (Figure 2). Figure 3 illustrates the distribution of harvest by county for the ceded territories of Upper Michigan.

Table 2. 1999 Michigan tribal deer harvest by registration station^a.

Registration Station	Treaty Area of Harvest	Antlered	Antlerless	Total
Bay Mills	1836	47	42	89
Keweenaw Bay	1842	49	30	79
Lac Vieux Desert	1842	31	33	64
Bad River	1842	0	1	1
Total		127	106	233

^a Data for the 1836 ceded territory was estimated from a phone survey described above.

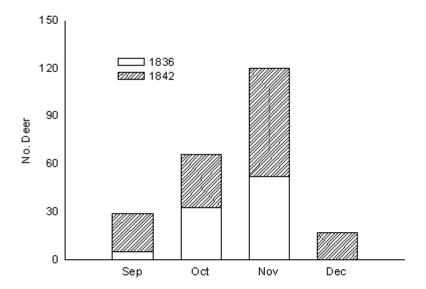


Figure 2. Tribal deer harvest by month in Upper Michigan, 1999.

Bear Hunting

Regulations

As with deer hunting, distinct tribal regulations governed tribal bear harvest in Michigan. Table 3 summarizes the major features of off-reservation tribal bear hunting regulations in Michigan by tribe.

Table 3. Tribal bear hunting season dates and bag limits for GLIFWC member tribes located in Michigan.

Tribe	Season Dates	Bag Limit	
ВМІС	1 Apr - 30 Jun 1 Sep - 30 Nov	none	
KBIC	1 Sep - 1 Jan	1	
LVD	7 Sep - 31 Dec	none	

Bay Mills tribal members hunted under the regulations outlined in the BMIC Conservation Code. All members hunting off-reservation were required to carry a valid hunting permit issued by the tribal conservation department. The open season for bear ran from 1 April - 30 June and from 1 September - 30 November. Registration was not required for harvested bears and there was no bag limit. Unlawful hunting methods included harvesting or molesting a bear in its den as well as harvesting a cub or a sow with cubs. Bait was restricted to organic matter placed on the ground.

Keweenaw Bay tribal members hunted under regulations outlined in the KBIC Tribal Code. As per KBIC deer hunting regulations, the possession of a valid tribal hunting and fishing card allowed tribal members to hunt on reservation lands and public lands off-reservation throughout the 1842 treaty area. The open season for bear ran from 1 September - 1 January. Registration was required for all harvested bear and the bag limit was 1 per season. Unlawful methods included the use of dogs, snares, or traps.

Lac Vieux Desert tribal members hunted under regulations outlined in the LVD Off-Reservation Conservation Code. The open season ran from the day after Labor Day - 31 October. There was no bag limit and registration was required for all bear harvested.

Methods

<u>1836 Ceded Territory</u>. A telephone survey (Appendix A) was used (as described above) to estimate the number of bear harvested. A total of 34 (21%) permitees were contacted during the survey.

<u>1842 Ceded Territory</u>. Harvest data for the 1842 portion of the UP were obtained from tribal registration stations where information was collected on each bear registered. Information included sex, county, and date of harvest.

Results

A total of 5 bear were harvested in the upper peninsula of Michigan in 1999 (Table 4). No bear were reported harvested in the phone survey of 1836 treaty area hunters.

Table 4. Number of bear harvested by Treaty Area during the 1999 tribal bear season in Michigan.

Treaty Area	Boar	Sow	No. Bear
1836ª	0	0	0
1842 ^b	3	2	5
Total	3	2	5

a = data estimated from survey sample

Acknowledgments

I would like to acknowledge the assistance of Jeanne Bouschor, Keweenaw Bay license clerk, and John Heim, GLIFWC wildlife technician for compiling these results. Neil Kmiecik, GLIFWC biological services director, and Jonathan Gilbert, GLIFWC wildlife section leader, provided editorial comments.

b = data from registration stations

1999 Deer Harvest Survey - 1836 Ceded Territory

Tribal ID number :					
_	ou hunt DEE es G No	R off-Rese f	RVATION with a	a tribal permit durin	g the 1999 tribal deer season?
In which county or counties did you hunt? (check all that apply)					
G	G Chippewa G Mackinac G Luce G Other:				
How many deer did you harvest? (fill in table)					
	Number of Deer				
	Antlered	Antlerless	Unknown	Date of Harvest	County of Harvest
1999 Bear Harvest Survey - 1836 Ceded Territory Did you hunt BEAR OFF-RESERVATION with a tribal permit during the 1999 tribal bear season? G Yes G No					
In which county or counties did you hunt? (check all that apply)					
G Chippewa G Mackinac G Luce G Other:					
How many bears did you harvest? (fill in table)					
	Number of Bear			• • • •	
	Boar	Sow	Unknown	Date of Harvest	County of Harvest